MURI research

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Multivariate Central Limit Theorem for the degree counts in a preferential attachement model (with Sid Resnick)

- We are given an indirected preferential attachement model.
- For the graph with n edges, let p_i⁽ⁿ⁾ be the proportion of the nodes with the total degree i, i ≥ 1.
- We establish a process-level CLT of the form

$$\left(\frac{p_i^{(n)} - Ep_i^{(n)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{var}(p_i^{(n)})}}, i = 1, 2, \ldots\right) \Rightarrow \left(G_i, i - 1, 2, \ldots\right),$$

where (G_i) is a Gaussian process.

Edge-biased degree distribution and reciprocity

In a directed preferential attachement model, we would like to estimate proportion of edges (i, j) for which the reversed edge (j, i) is also present.

As a step to solving this problem, we would like to understand the 4-dimensional heavy tailed distribution $(i_{\rm in}, i_{\rm out}, j_{\rm in}, j_{\rm out})$ for a randomly chosen edge (i, j).